

ECONOMIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

FINAL WORLD CUP LA SEU D'URGELL 2024







Methodology and Preliminary Considerations

The methodology for the economic impact assessment is based on:

- Attendance counting: manual counting process at the two public entrances to the Segre Olympic Park, on 19, 20, 21 and 22 September during full opening hours. A total of 6,779 visitors were recorded.
- Face-to-face survey of people who have attended both as audience or spectators: the surveys were carried out during the four days, in different time slots. A total of 432 valid surveys were recorded. The level of representativeness of the sample is above 95% and the margin of sampling error is +/-5%.
- Online survey of persons involved as: participating athletes, team leaders, and other accredited personnel. The sample obtained was: 30 team leaders, 73 participating athletes and 130 other accredited persons.
- Analysis of the costs and revenues of the organisation of the event.
- Media impact analysis (external media and own social networks).

On this basis, it is possible to calculate and determine the economic impact, understood as the total economic activity (mainly in terms of production and employment) generated directly or indirectly by the event itself.

Although economic impact is considered the best estimate of the magnitude of an event, it is an inexact process and is neither a single nor a precise measure, but an approximation, an estimate.

Overall assessment	8,57	
Visitors area	8,42	
Cleaning	8,31	
Access	8,25	
Security	8,08	
Health services	8,02	
Toilets	7,91	
Timetables	7,60	
PA system	7,26	
Signage	6,79	
Parking	6,44	
Public information	6,21	
NPS (recommendation)	51,2	
5% 39%		56%

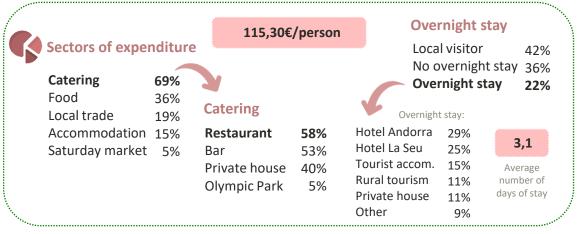
Detractors (0-6) Liabilities (7-8) Promoters (9-10)
The NPS index ranges from -100 to 100. Over 50 is excellent.



Attendee profile



Expenditure breakdown





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•	Overall assessment	8,91	
	Cleaning	8,63	
	Access	8,61	
	PA system	8,51	
	Security	8,35	
	Parking	8,31	
	Toilets	8,27	
	Information	8,23	
	Timetables	8,19	
	Signage	7,97	
	Health services	7,83	

NPS (recommendation) 63,0

4,1% 2	8,89	%
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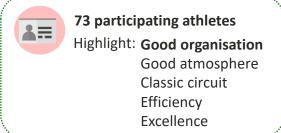
67,1%

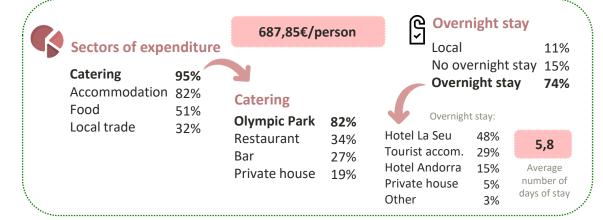
Detractors (0-6) Liabilities (7-8) Promoters (9-10)
The NPS index ranges from -100 to 100. Over 50 is excellent.

Profile of participating athletes



Expenditure breakdown



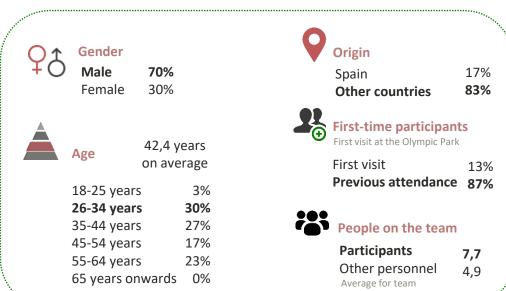




Overall assessment	8,33	
Spot Into Office	8,80	
Health services	8,05	
Cleaning	8,03	
Security	8,00	
Parking	7,93	
Changing rooms & Toilets	7,80	
PA system	7,76	
Trainings	7,50	
Signage	7,47	
NPS (recommendation)	46,7	

56,7%

Profile of team leaders

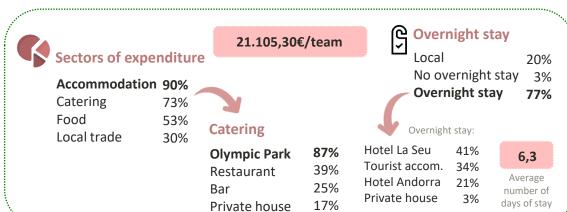


Expenditure breakdown



33,3%

Detractors (0-6) Liabilities (7-8) Promoters (9-10)
The NPS index ranges from -100 to 100. Over 50 is excellent.



10,0%



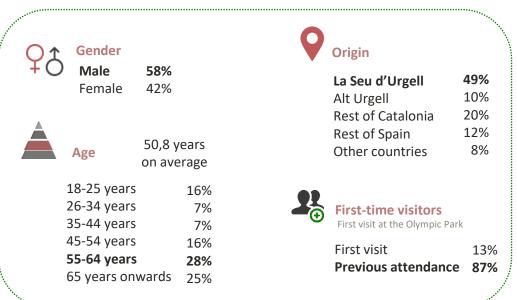
•	Overall assessmen	it	8,79	
	Access		8,98	
	Cleaning		8,39	
	Information		8,21	
	Security		8,17	
	Signage		8,13	
	Health services		8,12	
	Timetables		8,11	
	Parking		7,52	
	Toilets		7,45	
	PA system		6,67	
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NPS (recommendation) 59,2

2,3%	36,2%	61,5%

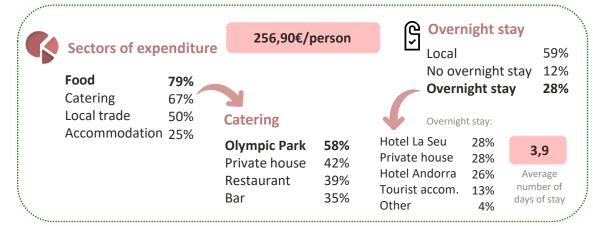
Detractors (0-6) Liabilities (7-8) Promoters (9-10)
The NPS index ranges from -100 to 100. Over 50 is excellent.

Profile of accredited personnel



Expenditure breakdown







Economic impact

Direct effects218.855,77€Associated effects1.862.117,60€Induced effects1.048.367,13€Media effects43.590,35€

ECONOMIC IMPACT	3.322.525,85€

* Local economic impact 1.904.940,76€ (57%)

Job creation 32,46 jobs

Full-time equivalent jobs

Return on investment 15,18€/€ invested

For every euro the organisation

nvests



Key concepts

Direct effects: the organisation's expenditure.

Associated effects: the expenditure of the visitors + the expenditure of all persons participating + the income of the organisation.

Induced effects: automatically obtained from the sum of the two previous effects x the multiplier of leisure, culture, sports and tourism events. This effect represents expenditure that is not directly attributable to the event but is generated in parallel.

Media effects: the value of the brand in the media. Appearances in the national press are quantified and assessed taking into account the percentage of brand visualisation. The value of publications on the social networks themselves is also added. A strict assessment is made of publications during a given period and a multiplication factor is applied for each network.





Economic impact assessment summary

The data obtained as a result of the fieldwork carried out show that:

- ✓ The ICF Canoe Slalom Final World Cup, held in the Segre Olympic Park in La Seu d'Urgell, on 19, 20, 21 and 22 September 2024, generated an economic impact of €3,342,001.33, derived from its activity as a whole.
- ✓ Taking into account the expenditure that the event generates, for every euro that the organisation invests, it obtains a return of €15.27. Furthermore, the event is an employment driver; in this case, it is possible to determine that 33.67 full-time equivalent jobs were created.
- ✓ While the economic impact estimates the total economic activity (mainly in terms of output and employment) generated directly or indirectly by the event itself, it is possible to determine how much of it is specifically borne by the local economy. In this case it is 57%, i.e. almost 2 million euros (€1,904,940.76).

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The company in charge of the drafting of the economic impact assessment is: THEWHATSONS

